PART 15 – HIGHER RISK PERSONAL APPEARANCE SERVICES

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Purpose

To minimise the risk of infection in a *place of business* where *higher risk personal appearance services* are provided.

Application

This standard applies to *places of business* where *higher risk personal appearance services* are provided to the public as part of a *business transaction*.

Referral Agency

There is no referral agency for this code.

Where the *acceptable solutions* of this standard are not adopted, the local government has the jurisdiction, under section 20 of the *Standard Building Regulation 1993*, to assess the building work for compliance with the *performance criteria* of this standard.

Associated Requirements

- Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003.
- Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002
- Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003
- Standard Building Regulation 1993.

Definitions

Note: Italicised words within the body of the text are defined.

Acceptable solution - means solutions which are deemed to satisfy the *performance criteria.*

Body piercing - means the process of penetrating a person's skin or mucous membrane with a sharp instrument for the purpose of implanting jewellery or other foreign material through or into the skin or mucous membrane.

Body piercing does not include the process of piercing a person's ear or nose with a closed piercing instrument that-

- (a) does not come into contact with the person's skin or mucous membrane; and
- (b) is fitted with a sterilised, single-use disposable cartridge containing sterilised jewellery and fittings.

Business transaction - means a transaction in which a service is provided for payment or other consideration.

Higher risk personal appearance service - means a personal appearance service involving any of the following *skin penetration* procedures in which the release of blood or other bodily fluid is an expected result-

- (a) body piercing;
- (b) implanting natural or synthetic substances into a person's skin, including, for example, hairs or beads;
- (c) scarring or cutting a person's skin using a sharp instrument to make a permanent mark, pattern or design;
- (d) *tattooing*;
- (e) another *skin penetration* procedure prescribed under a regulation made under the *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003.*

Performance criteria - means the outcome that must be achieved for an element of a building or structure or part of a building or structure.

Place of business - means premises where a *higher risk personal appearance service* is provided.

Skin penetration - means a procedure for the purpose of altering or enhancing a person's appearance that involves the piercing, cutting, scarring, scraping, puncturing or tearing of a person's skin or mucous membrane with an instrument.

Tattooing - means to penetrate a person's skin and insert into it colour pigments to make a permanent mark, pattern or design on the skin. *Tattooing* also includes any process, for example the process known as cosmetic *tattooing* or semi-permanent make-up, that penetrates the skin and inserts into it colour pigments to make a semi-permanent mark, pattern or design on the skin.

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Functionality

- P1 A place of business must be A1 suitably planned and fitted out to effectively minimise infection risks, taking into consideration-
 - (a) separation of clean or sterile items from contaminated items; and
 - (b) convenient access by operators to hand basins from a number of rooms.

A *place of business* consisting of a single room or multiple rooms incorporates-

- (a) a clean zone within a room, or rooms where clean or sterilised items are stored and a hand basin complying with A2(a) is located; and
- (b) a dirty or contaminated zone within a room, or rooms where contaminated items are placed to await cleaning, and where the cleaning sinks, instrument washers and sterilisers complying with A2(b) are located.

Hand washing, instrument and equipment cleaning facilities

- P2 A place of business must be provided with suitable hand washing and instrument cleaning facilities to provide and maintain hygienic conditions.
- A place of business is provided with hand washing and instrument cleaning facilities which consist of-
 - (a) at least one hand-washing basin for each five workstations or part thereof with-
 - (i) bowl dimensions of not less than 400mm x 250mm; and
 - (ii) reticulated cold water controlled by non-touch taps and includes wrist, elbow, knee, foot or sensor operated taps; and
 - (iii) unobstructed space

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above it, not less than 600mm wide and extending not less than 750mm above the fixture; and

- (iv) the basin situated not more than 5m from any work station unobstructed by walls or fixtures; and
- (v) each hand-washing basin located between 800mm and 1000mm above the floor; and
- (b) at least one sink solely for washing and cleaning instruments and equipment with-
 - (i) a bowl not less than 400mm long; and
 - (ii) reticulated hot and cold water; and
 - (iii) each sink located between 800mm and 1000mm above the floor.

Finishing Materials

- P3 The floors, walls, ceilings, A3 benches and cupboard surfaces, workstations and any areas used in conjunction with workstations, must be finished in materials suitable to enable easy cleaning.
- (a) The finished floor surface consists of a material that is free of cracks, irregularities, and imperfections and includes-
 - (i) ceramic tiles; or
 - (ii) sealed cork tiles; or
 - (iii) plastic tiles or sheeting; or
 - (iv) polyurethane sealed

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timber; or

- (v) epoxy resin sealed concrete; or
- (vi) carpet that can withstand fluids and can be easily cleaned.
- (b) The finished wall surfaces consist of a material that is easily cleaned when painted or sealed and includes-
 - (i) sealed smooth concrete; or
 - (ii) rendered hard plaster; or
 - (iii) smooth concrete masonry; or
 - (iv) smooth clay masonry; or
 - (v) timber boards; or
 - (vi) timber sheeting; or
 - (vii) washable vinyl wallpaper; or
 - (viii) plasterboard.
- (c) The finished ceiling surfaces consist of a material that is easily cleaned when painted or sealed and includes-
 - (i) sealed smooth concrete; or
 - (ii) rendered hard plaster; or
 - (iii) plasterboard; or
 - (iv) timber; or
 - (v) timber boards or sheeting; or
 - (vi) vinyl faced board.
- (d) All joinery and other finished surfaces including benches, cupboards, shelves and work station areas on which instruments are placed

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consist of a material that can be easily cleaned, is smooth and free from cracks and crevices and includes-

- (i) gloss paint or stain; or
- (ii) laminate; or
- (iii) glass; or
- (iv) stainless steel; or
- (v) epoxy resin.
- (e) The intersections between floors and walls are provided with-
 - (i) coving at least 50mm high; or
 - (ii) continuous skirting at least 50mm high consisting of timber, ceramic tiles or the like.

Finishes – joining system

P4 Internal wall, ceiling and floor finishes must have a suitable joining system to facilitate the maintenance of hygienic conditions.

A4 Joints between-

- (a) wall and ceiling linings are flush with the surface; and
- (b) ceramic wall and floor tiling are filled with heavy duty 100% epoxy, acid resisting grouting in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations; and
- (c) wall and floor flexible PVC sheeting have heat welded seams; and
- (d) polypropylene sheeting has proprietary plastic mouldings.